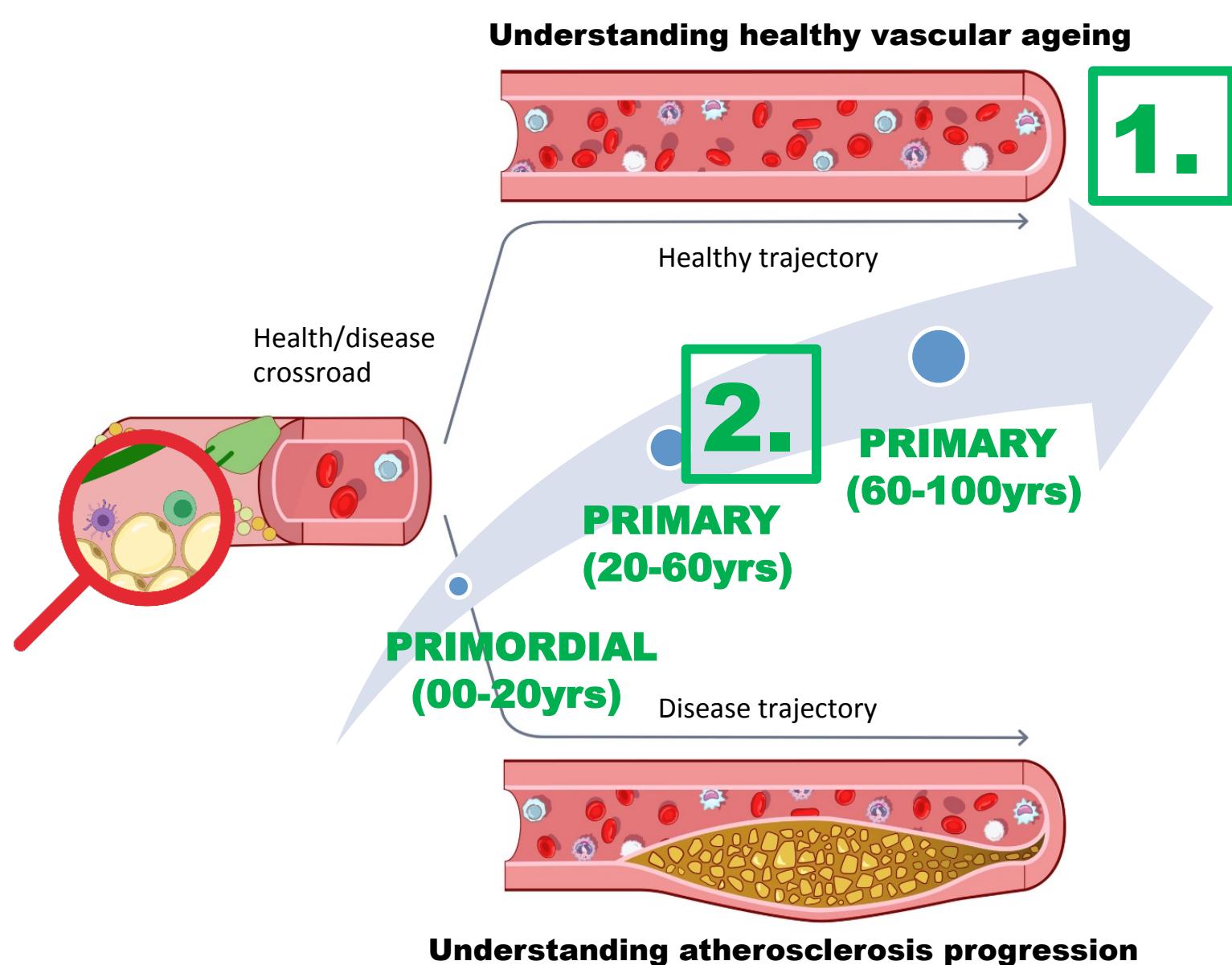


Cardiovascular Health 2023 - 2030

***Throughout Lifespan - 3 Ages
9 Findings - 3 Trials***

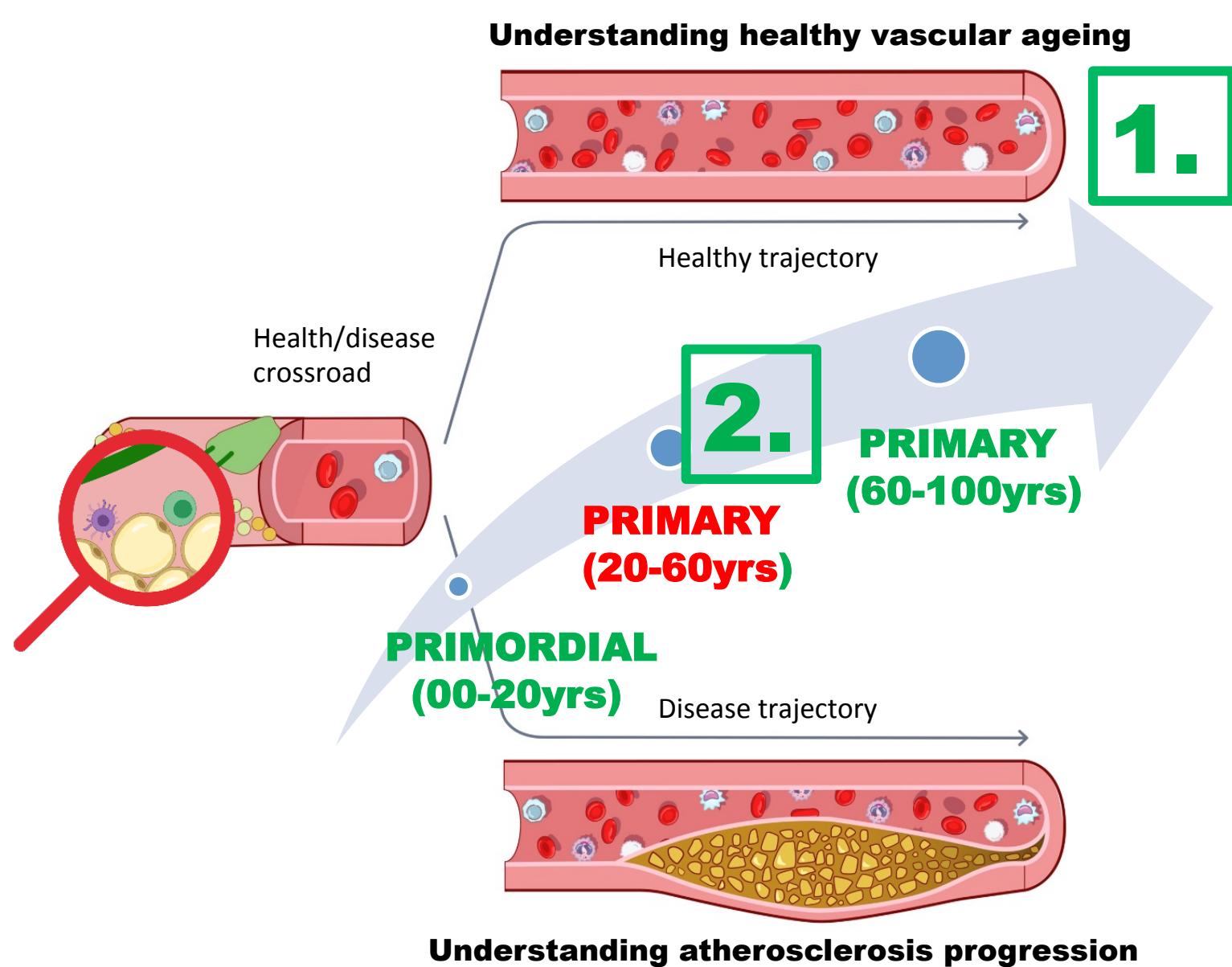
Innovation in CV Health

Age Dependent – New Technology



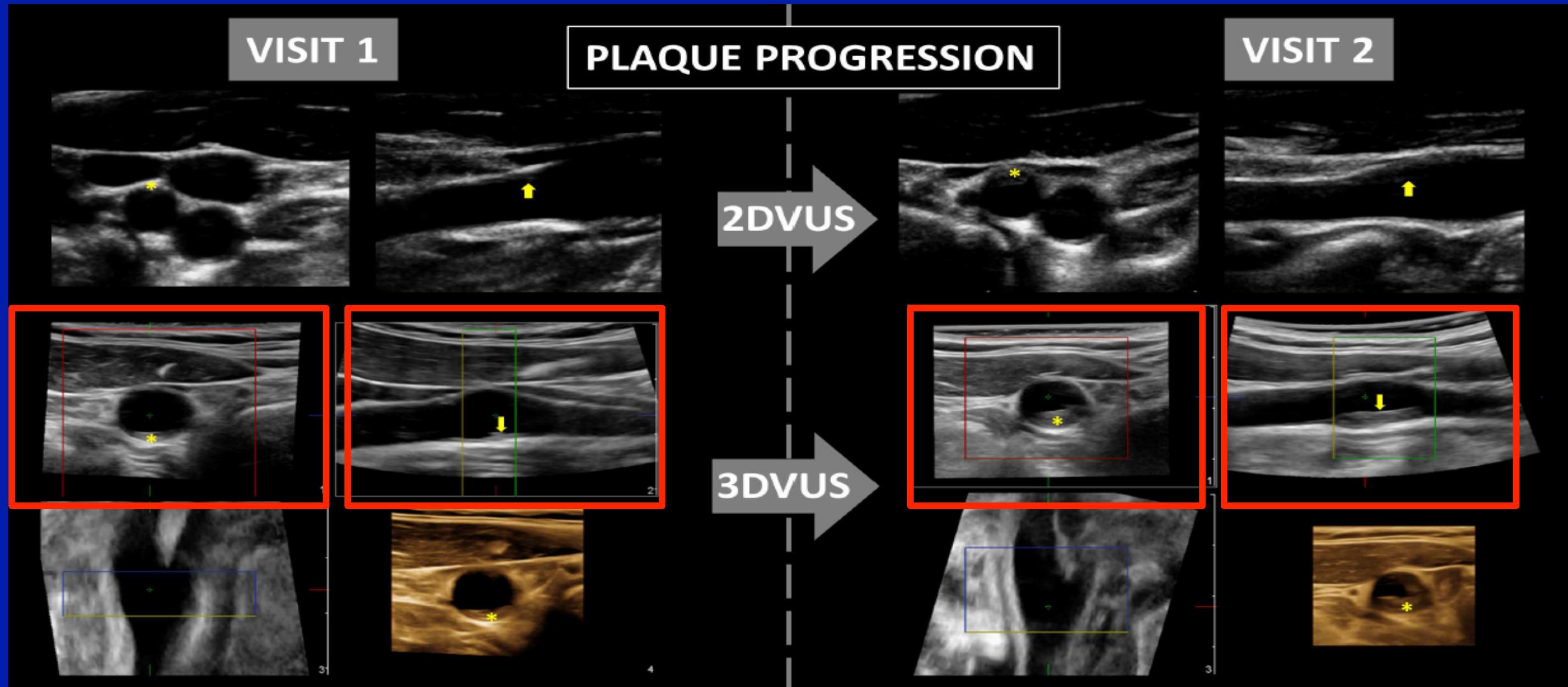
Innovation in CV Health

Age Dependent – New Technology



1) Subclinical Atherosclerosis - 2D/3D US & CT

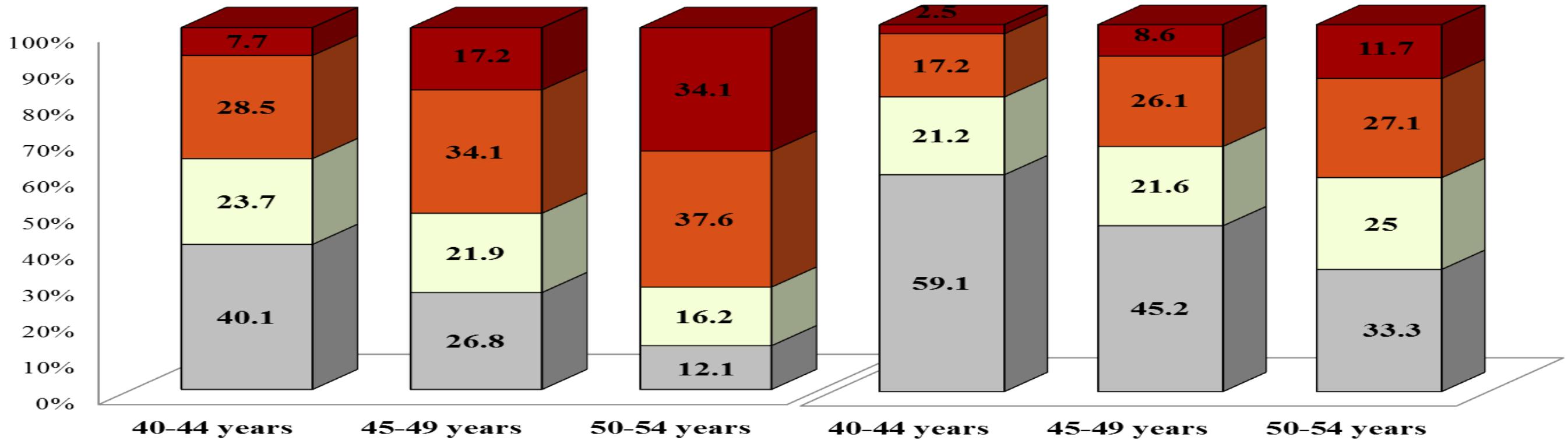
PESA - N=4184 - Age 40-55 yrs



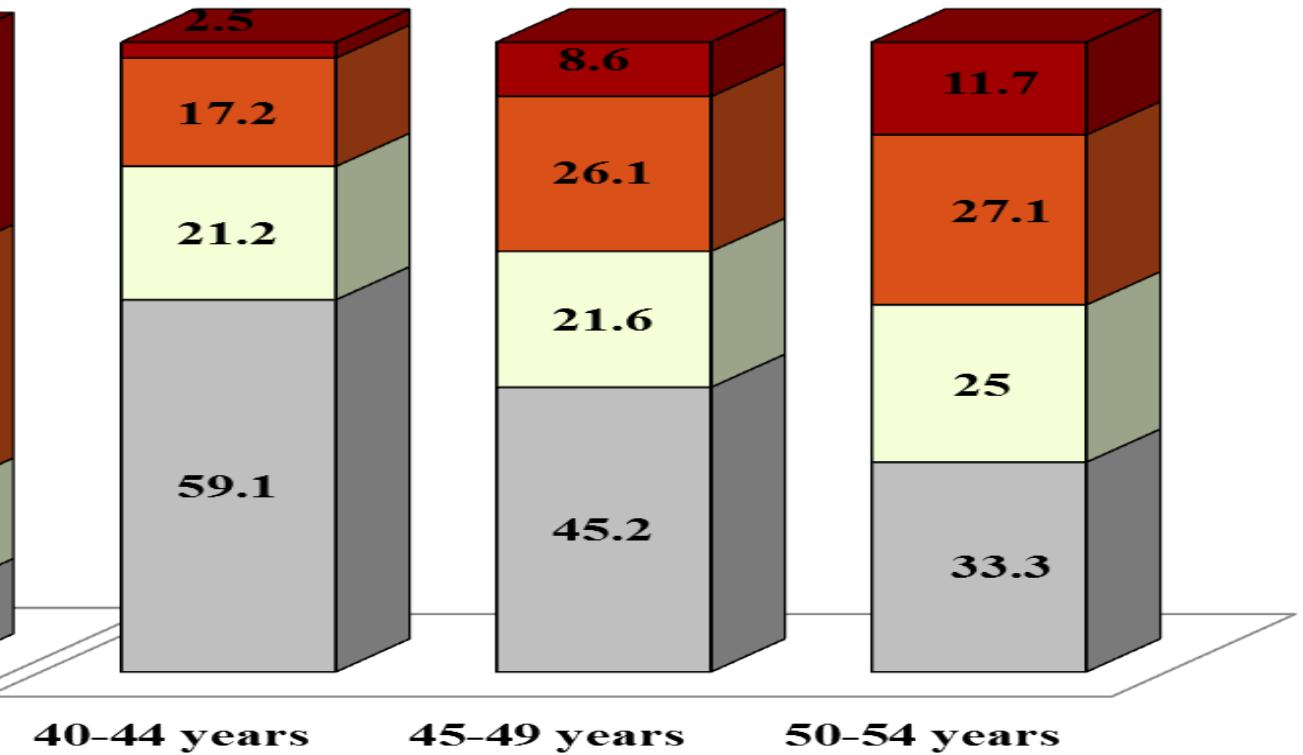
Burden Subclinical Atherosclerosis - 2D/3D US & CT

N=4184 – Age 40-55 yrs

Male



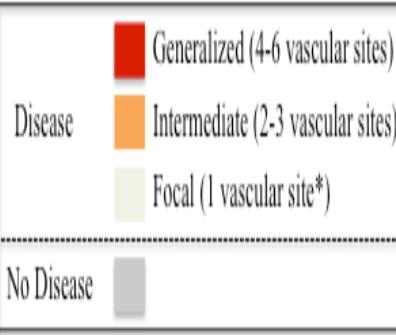
Female



PESA, Circulation 2015;131:2104 – High Incidence Early in life

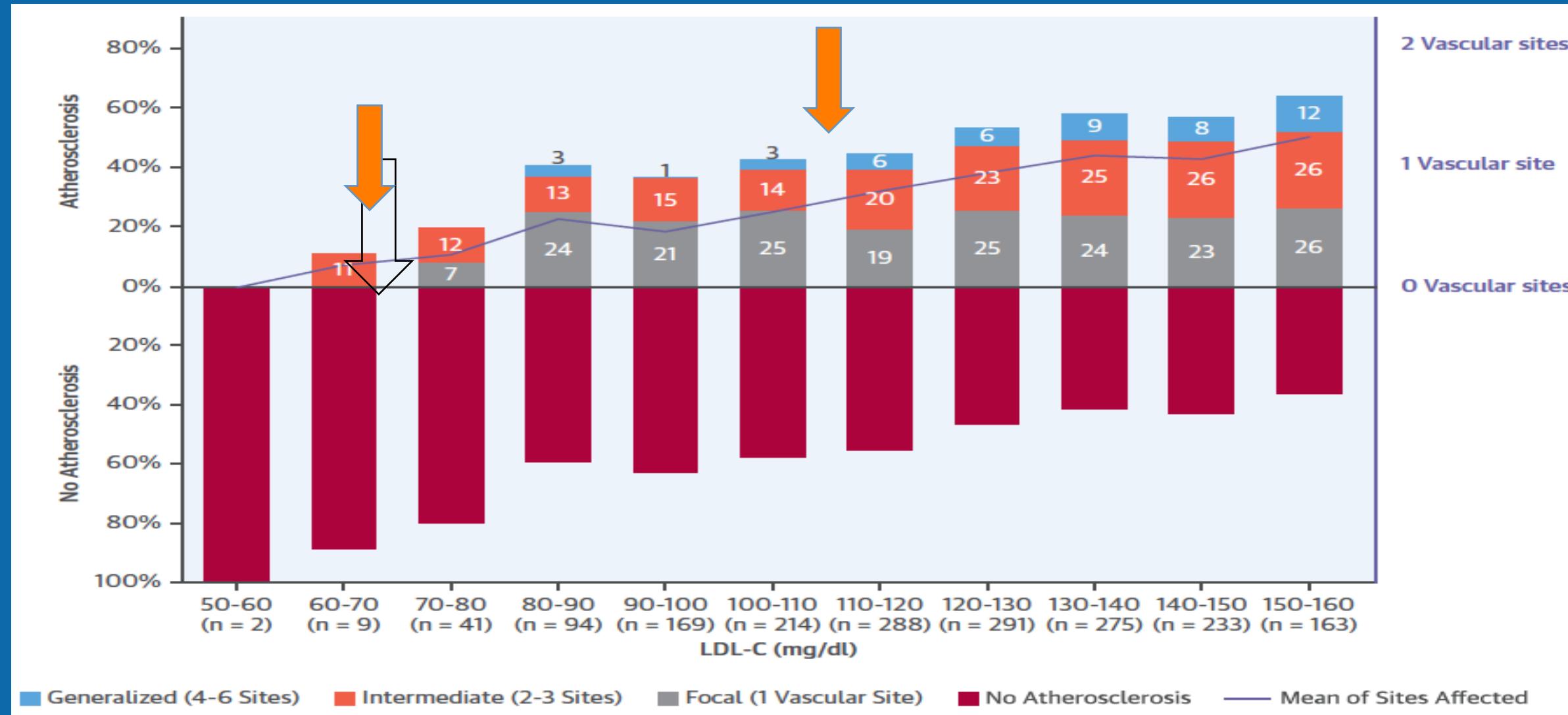
J Am Coll Cardiol 2020; 75: 1617 – High Progression Rate, 33%

Submitted 2023 – Progression Associated to Risk Fr Profile



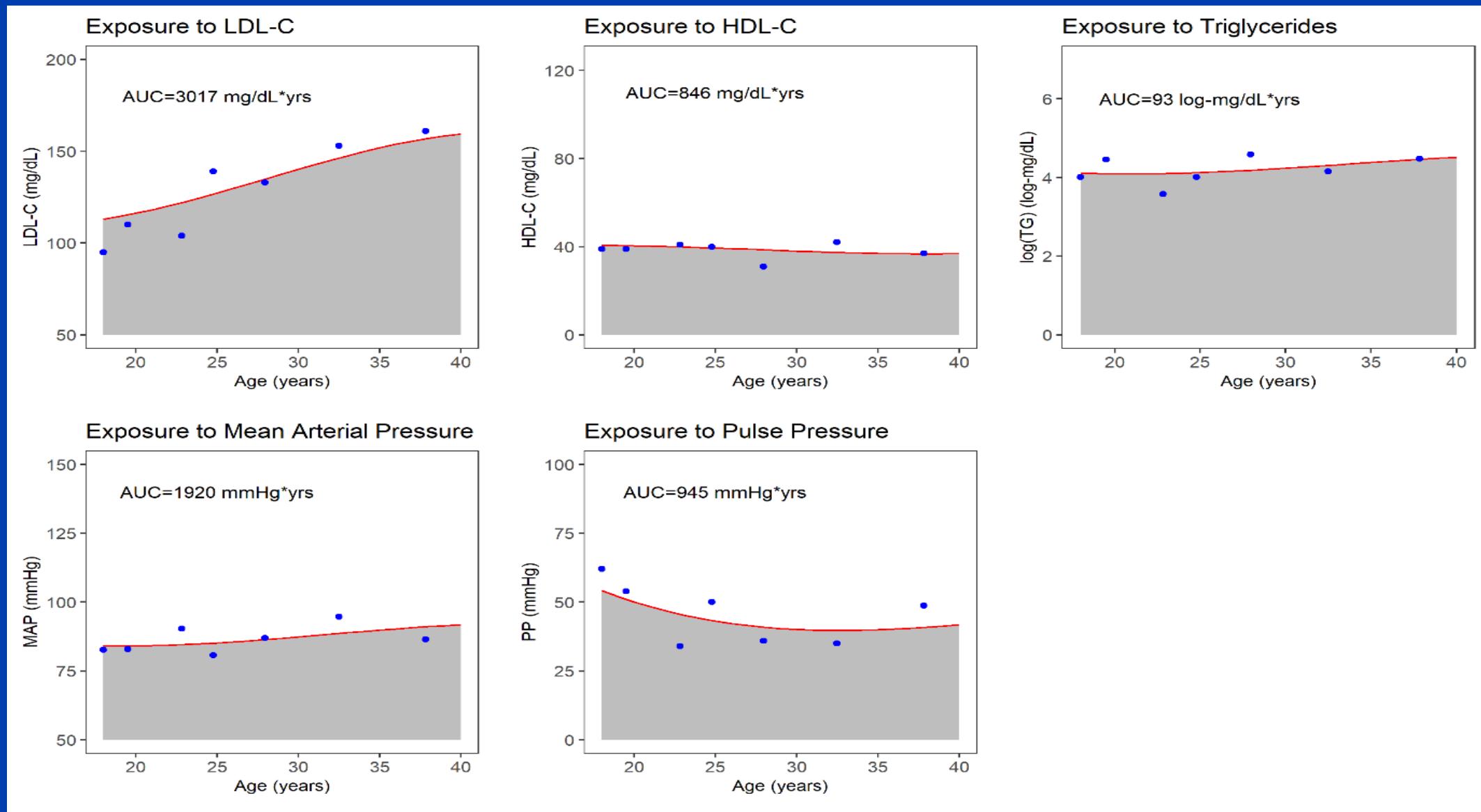
2). LDL-Cholesterol - LEVELS

Subclinical Atherosclerosis



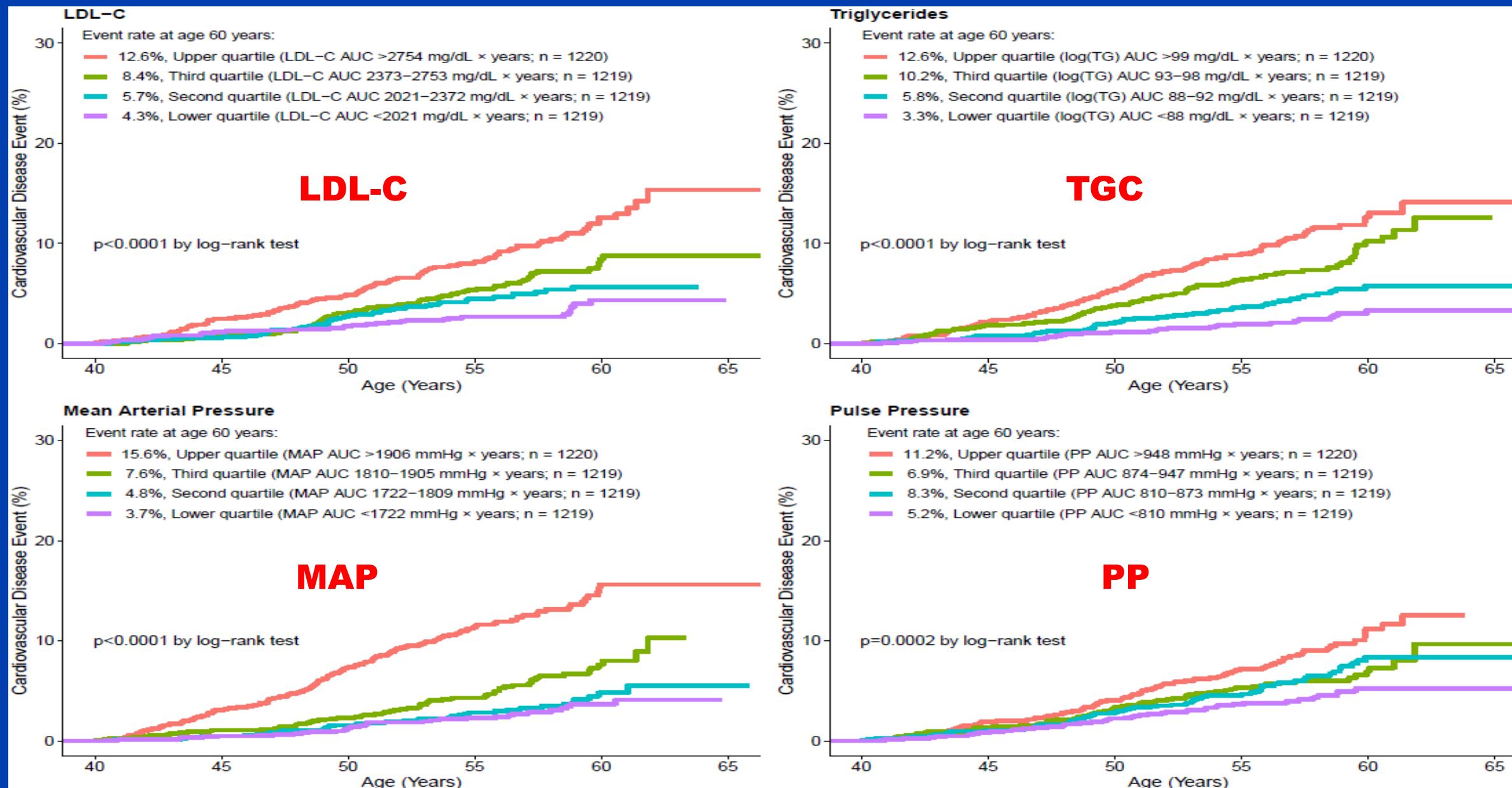
L Fernández-Friera, B Ibanez, V Fuster et. al. J Am Coll Cardiol 2017;70:2979
X Rossello, B Ibanez, V Fuster et. al. J Am Coll Cardiol 2021; 77: 2777 – HgbA1c
S Raposeiras-Roubin, B Ibanez, V Fuster et. al. J Am Coll Cardiol 2021;77:30 - TGC

3). CARDIA - Cumulative RF Exposure Age 20-40 Event Rates Later In Life



MJ Domanski, V Fuster et. al. J Am Coll Cardiol 2020;76:1507
MJ Domanski, JP Reis, DM Lloyd-Jones, V Fuster, et. al. 2023 (In Press)

CARDIA Study – 20-40 Yrs - Event Rates Later In Life Course & Cumulative Exposure to Multiple Risk Factors



1). Primary Preventive Coronary Artery Disease Trial (PRE-CAD)

- 20 – 39 years
- LDL-C >70 mg/dl

Baseline assessment atherosclerotic plaque burden (PESA score)

Standard of care

Active treatment

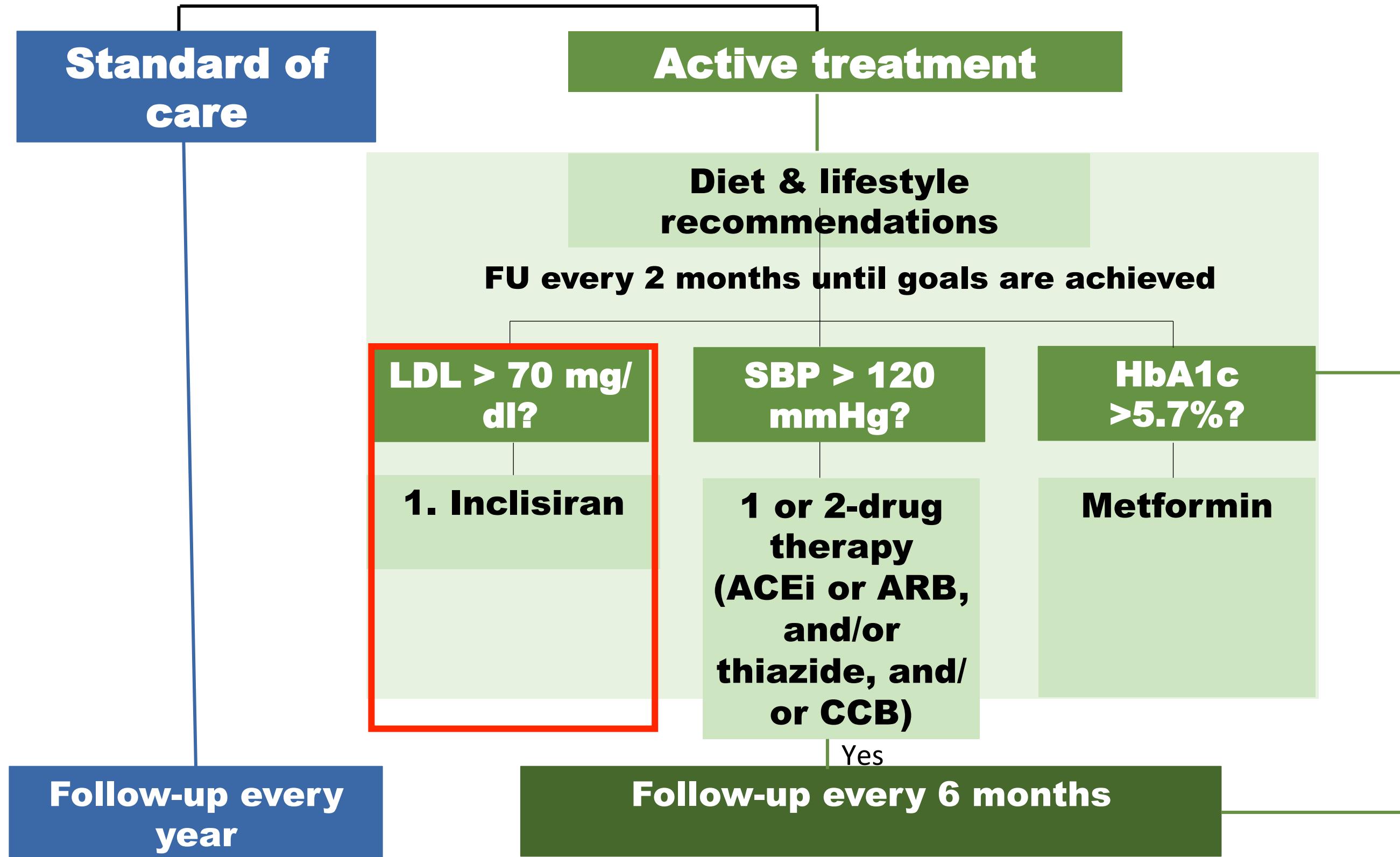
LDL-C < 70 mg/dl
SBP <120
HbA1c <5.7

5-year post-randomization FU assessment (PESA score)

Primary Endpoint: change in atherosclerotic plaque burden from baseline (PESA score)

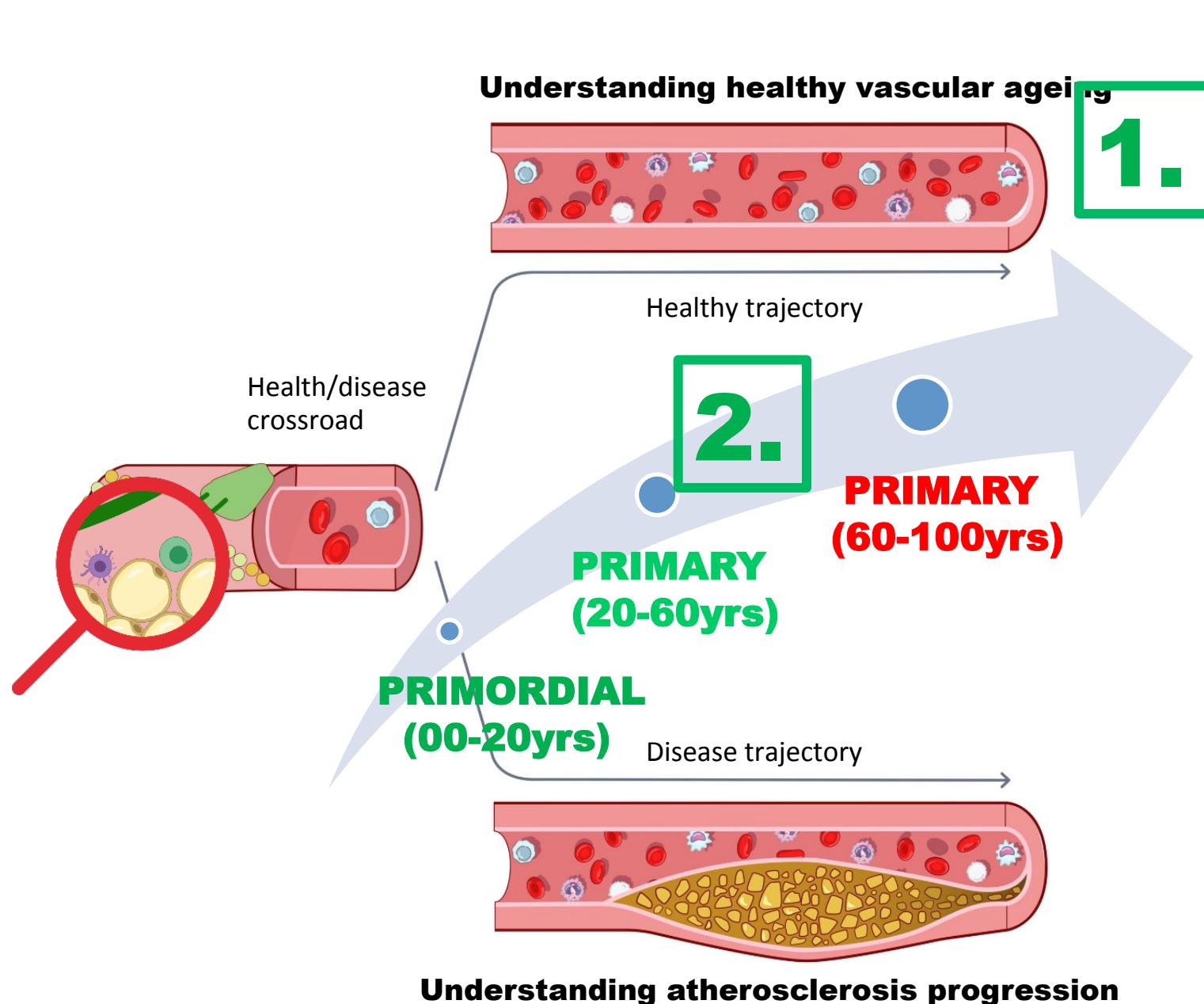
Secondary Endpoints: incident CV disease (MI, stroke,

Randomization 1:1



Innovation in CV Health

Age Dependent – New Technology



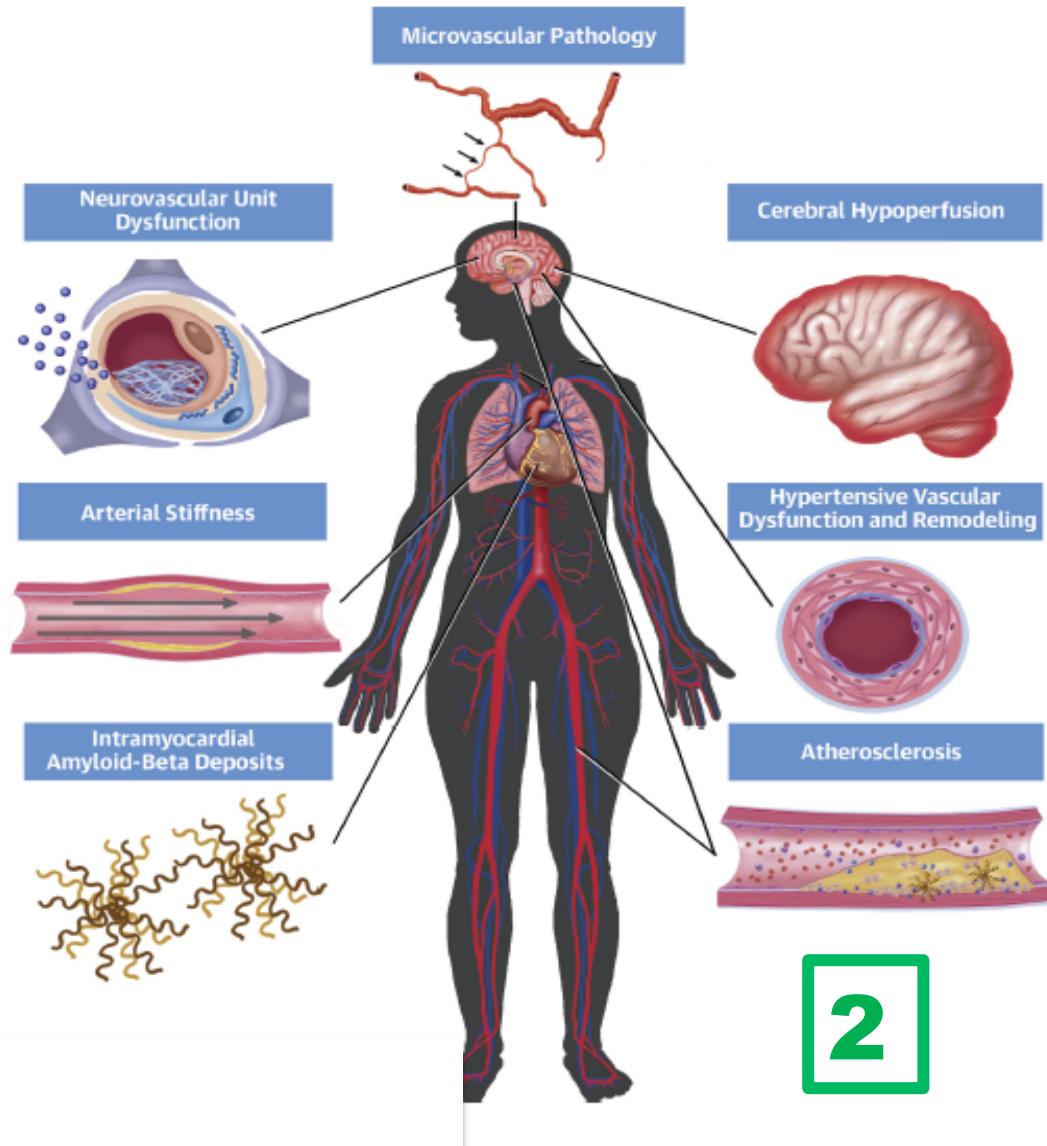


Dr. Alois Alzheimer

1

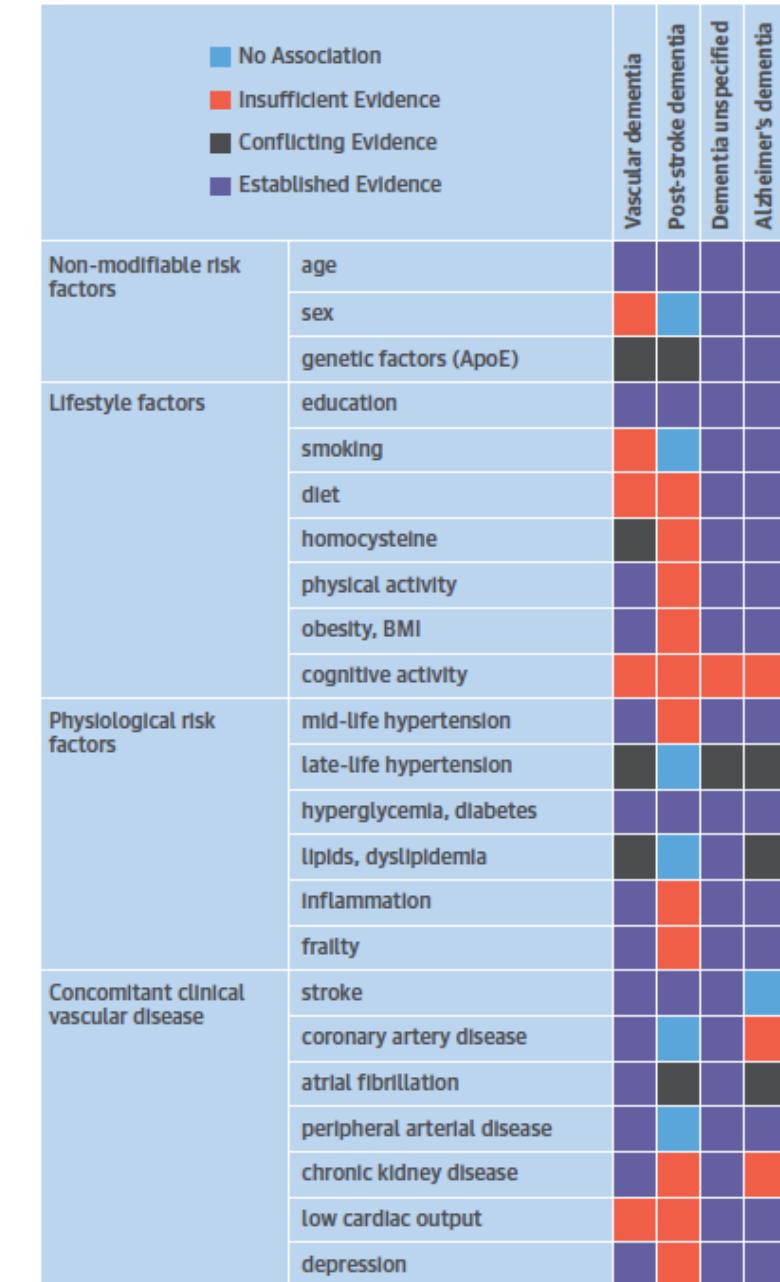
Auguste D. autopsy (1st patient with AD)

During the morning exitus letalis; cause of death: septicaemia due to decubitus; anatomical diagnosis: moderate hydrocephalus (external internal); cerebral atrophy; arteriosclerosis of the small cerebral blood vessels; ?; pneumonia of both inferior lobes; nephritis.



**Cortes-Candell M et al JACC. 2020
Fuster V et al JACC 2021**

2



3

Iadecola C et al. JACC. 2019

TANSNIP - H2H - 2020 - 2023

Vascular Cognitive Dysfunction

1.

**LVD -RF
&
Microvasc.
Disease
Brain**

2.

**Microvasc.
Disease
Brain
&
Metab/Str.**

3.

**Brain
Struct/Met.
&
Cognitive
Dysfunct.**

**Alzheimer's
Microvasc.
&
Thrombotic**



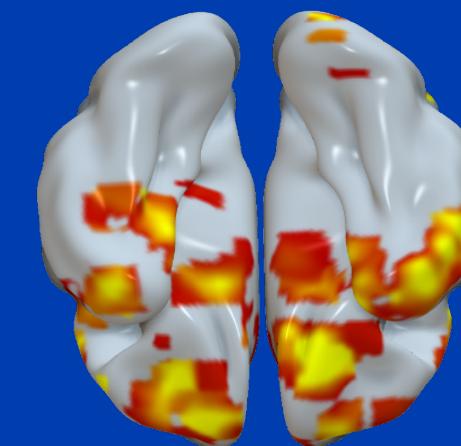
**Statistical
Parametric
Mapping
ASL-MRI (H2H
Spanish Cohort)
N=96 (59 women)
Age= 64-82 years
(mean=72.4)**

1). Cerebral Blood Flow

**Carotid Plaque Volume (Ind
RF) vs CBF (p<0.05)**

**High carotid plaque volume
is associated with brain
hypoperfusion**

Covariates: age+sex



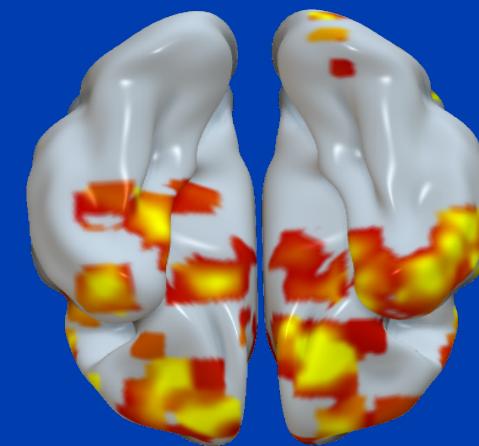
These regions: $0.001 < p < 0.004$

**Precentral gyrus, Inferior Middle/Superior temporal
gyrus, Brainstem/Parahippocampal gyrus, Superior
parietal lobule, Orbital gyrus, Supramarginal gyrus/
Postcentral**

**Carotid Plaque Volume (Ind RF)
vs CBF (p<0.05)**

**High carotid plaque volume is
associated with brain
hypoperfusion**

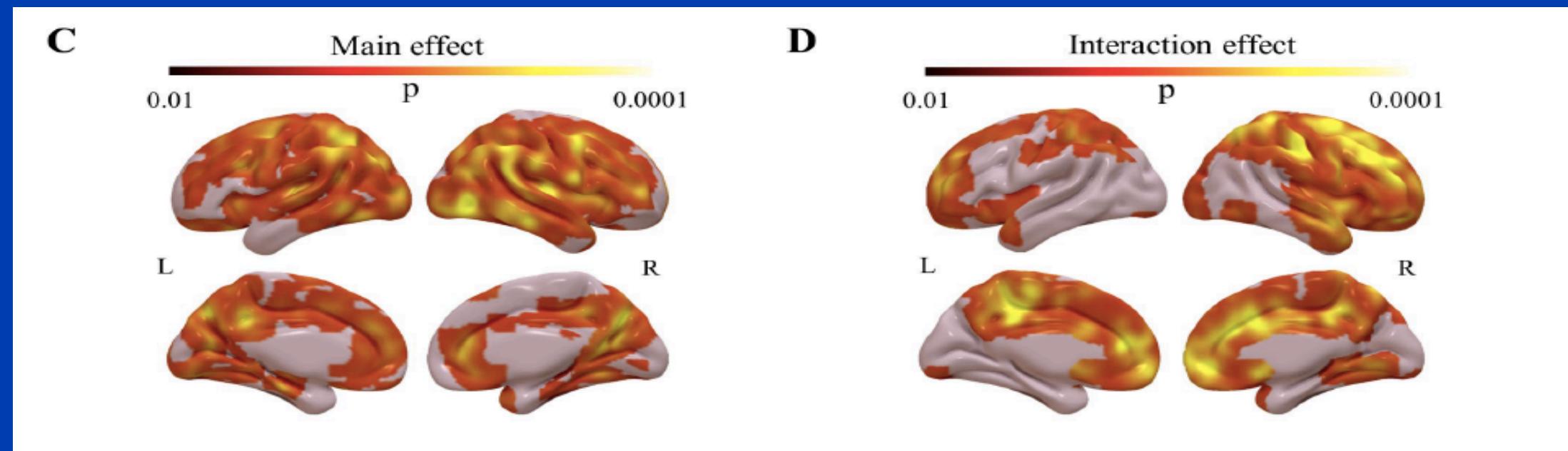
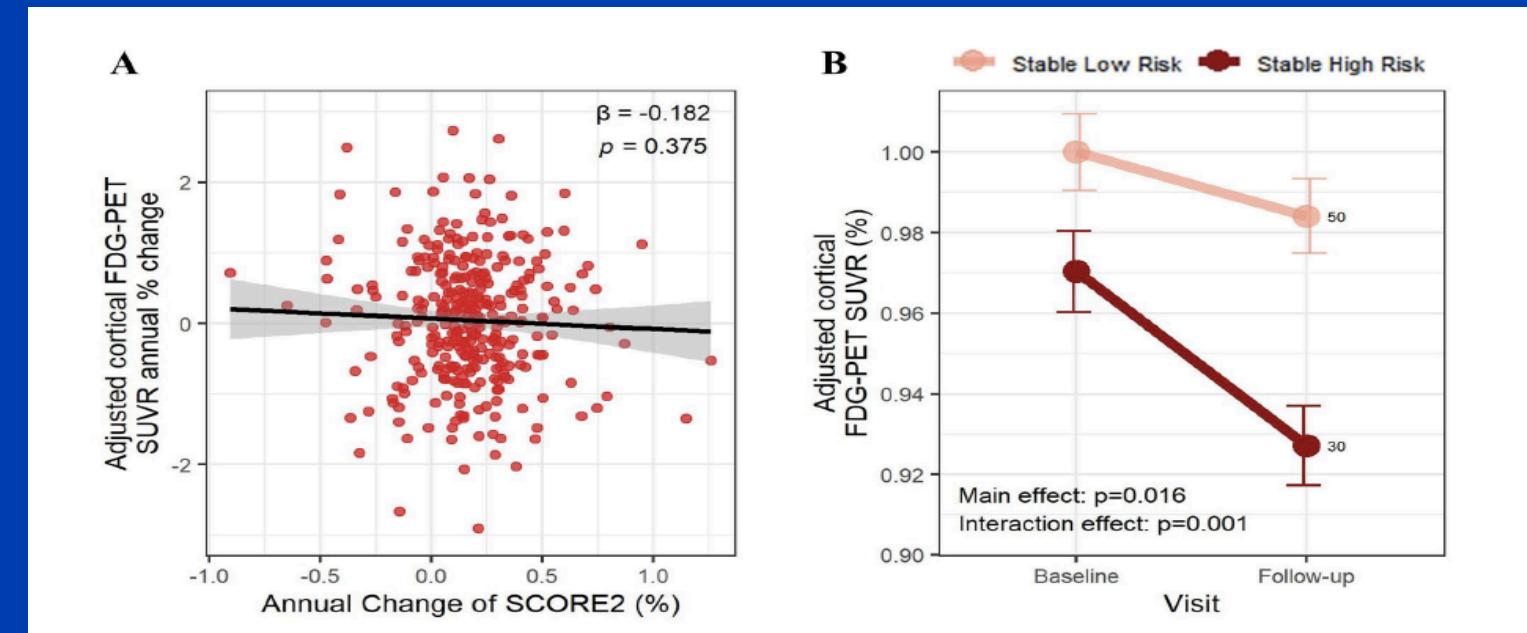
Covariates: age+sex+MOCA



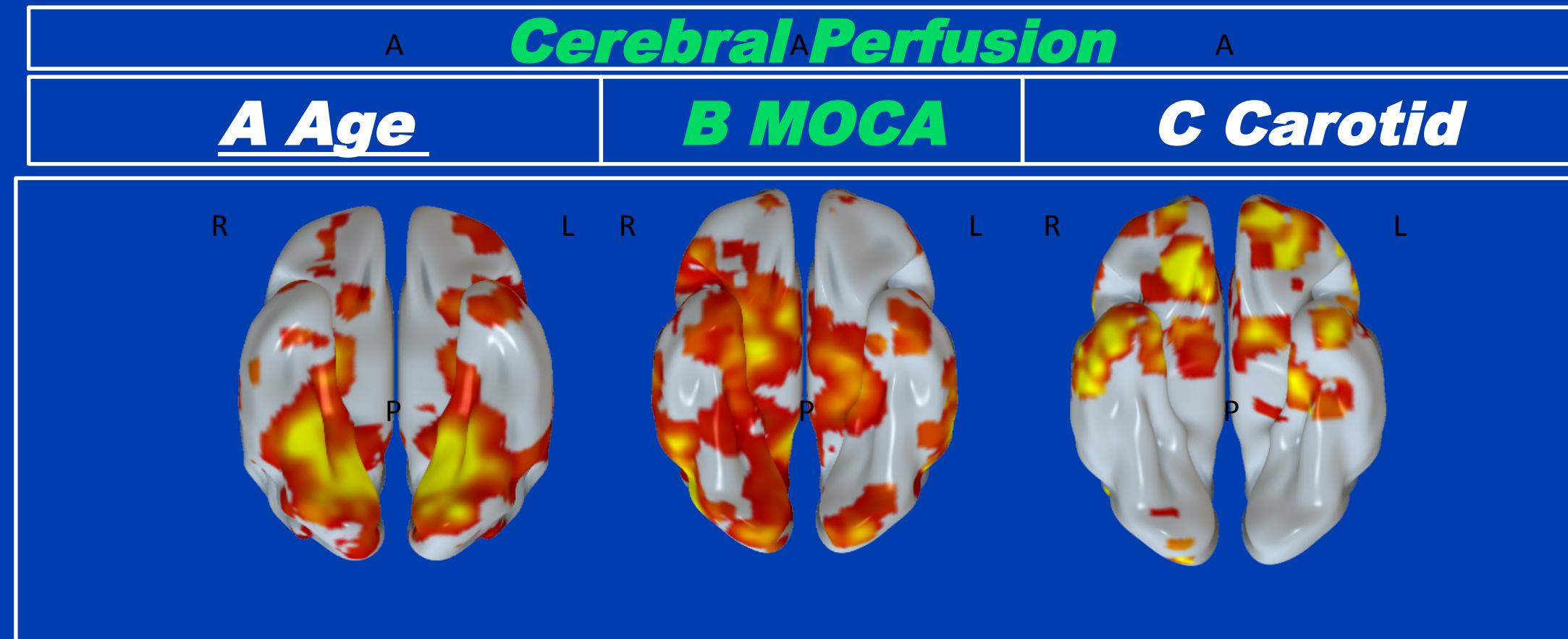
These regions: $0.001 < p < 0.004$

**Precentral gyrus, Inferior Middle/Superior temporal gyrus,
Brainstem/Parahippocampal gyrus, Superior parietal
lobule, Orbital gyrus, Supramarginal gyrus/Postcentral**

2). High SCORE2 Over Time (N=370) Greater Decline In Brain Glucose Uptake

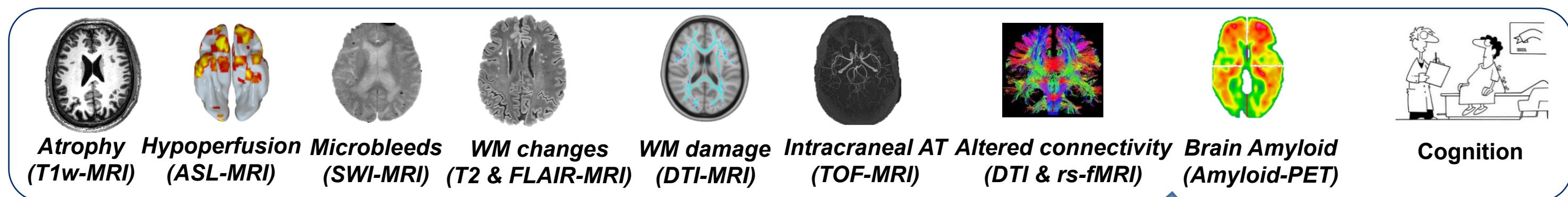
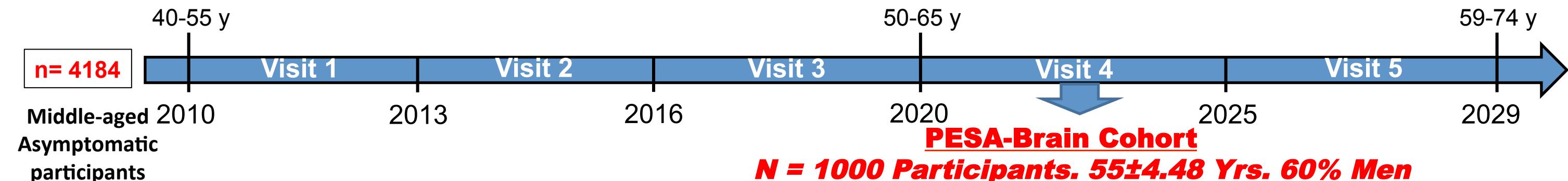


3). Cerebral Hypoperfusion Detected By Arterial Spin Labeling – MRI (Ind. Metab)

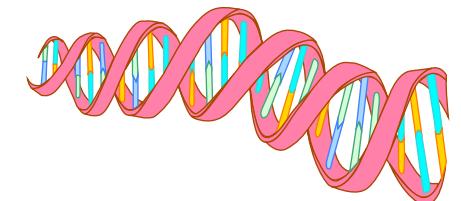
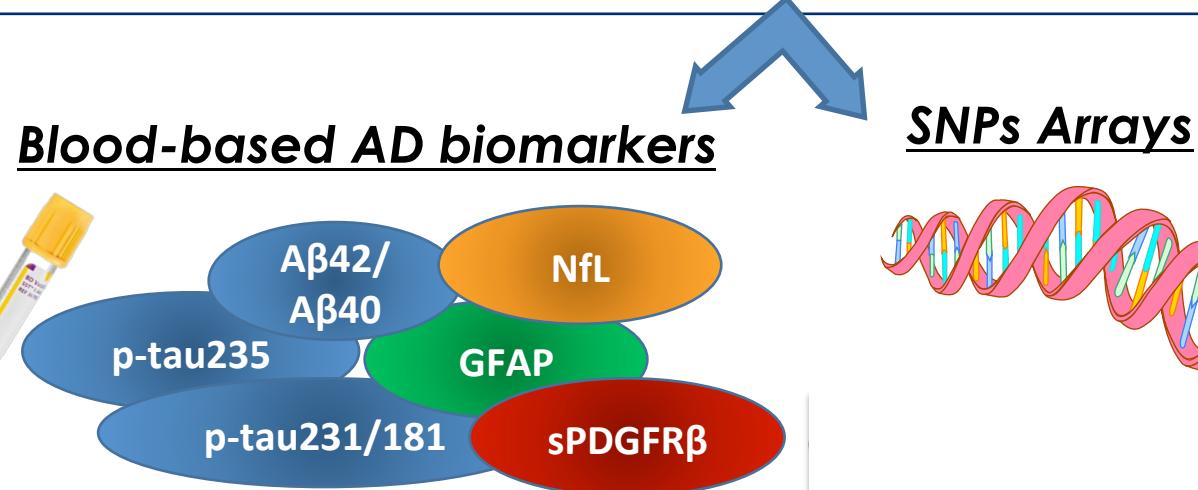


2) Prospective Heart-Brain-Axis

2022 - 2030 (CNIC / MSH)

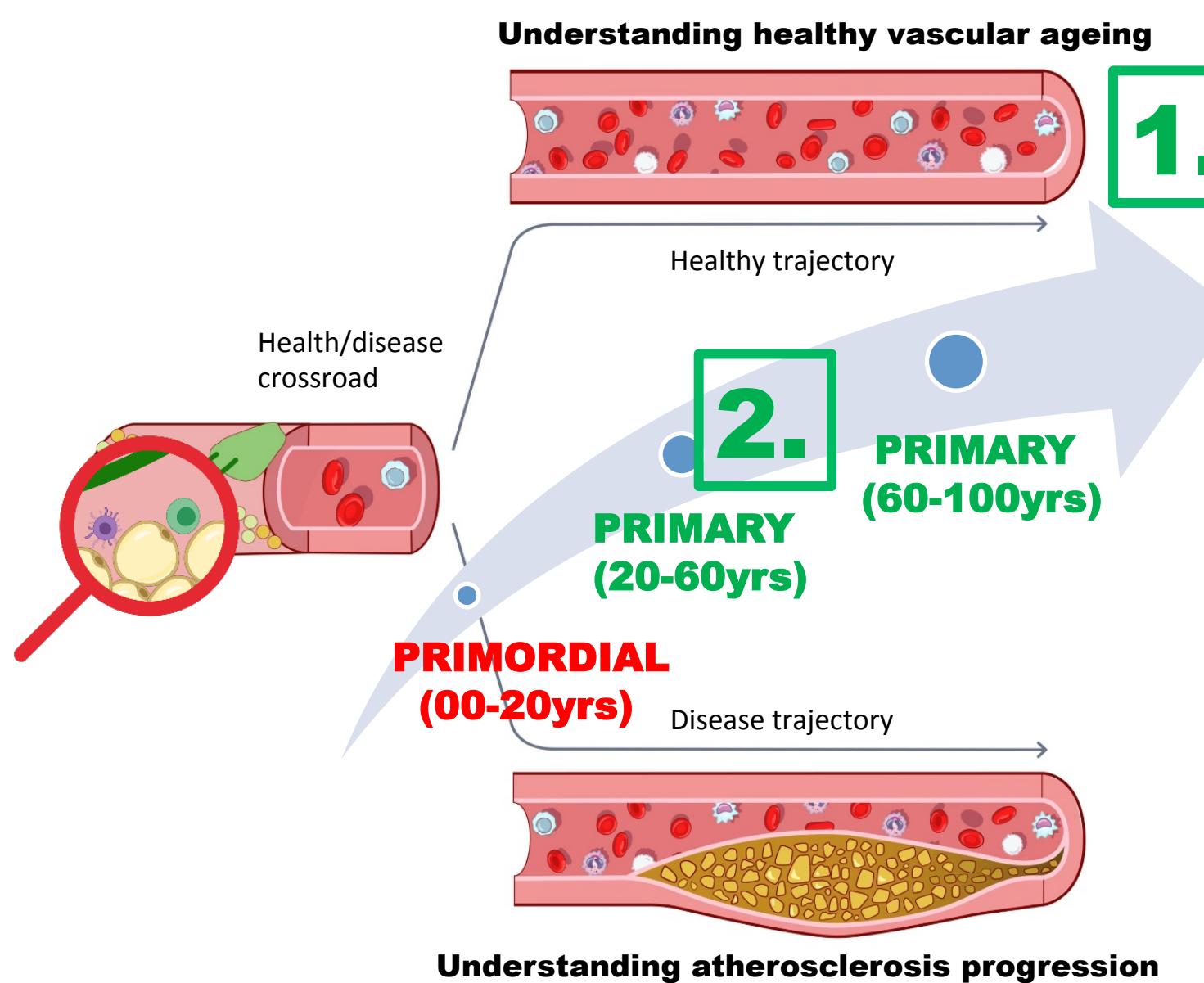


FINAL GOAL
Understanding the most possible causal path by which atherosclerosis contributes to Alzheimer's disease in preclinical stages



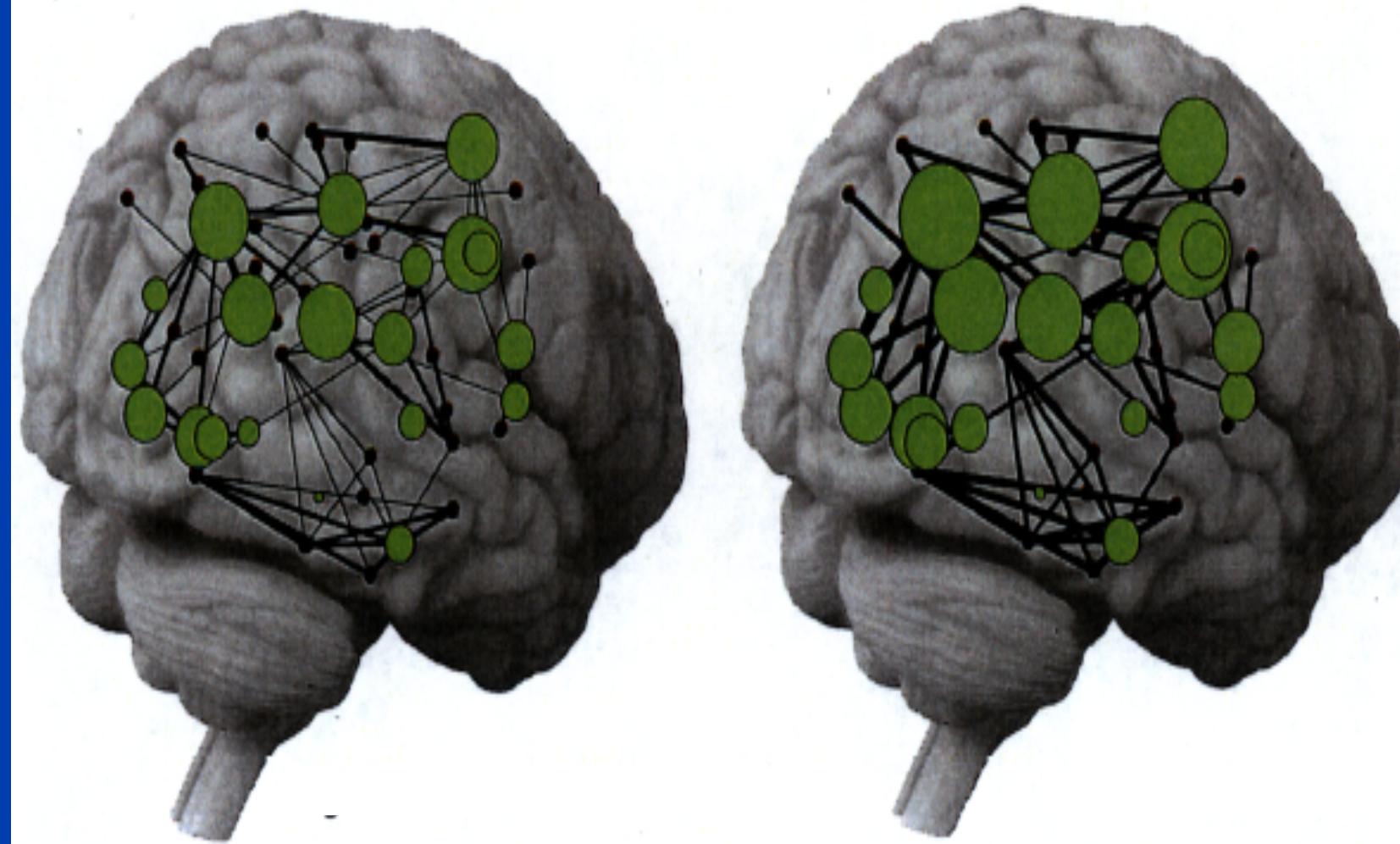
Innovation in CV Health

Age Dependent – New Technology



Three Children Programs

Increasing Communications among Brain Regions over Time



JN Giedd. *Scientific American* 2015;312:32

G Santos-Beneit, V Fuster et al *J.Am.Coll.Card.* 2022;79:283

1). Bogota, Madrid, Harlem NY - 5,000



HOW YOUR BODY
& HEART WORK



HEALTHY FOOD
HABITS



PHYSICAL
ACTIVITY

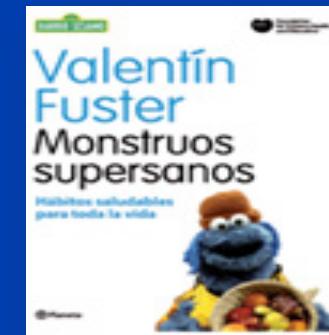


EMOTIONAL
HABITS TO AVOID
ADDICTIONS

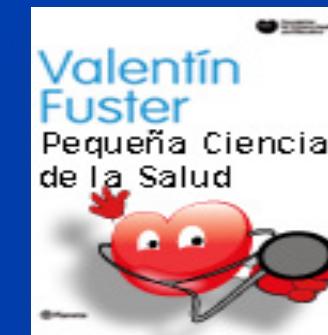
EDUCATIVE GOAL: HEALTHY HABITS FOR CHILDREN BETWEEN 3 & 5 YRS

CHILDREN

3-5



6-8



9-14



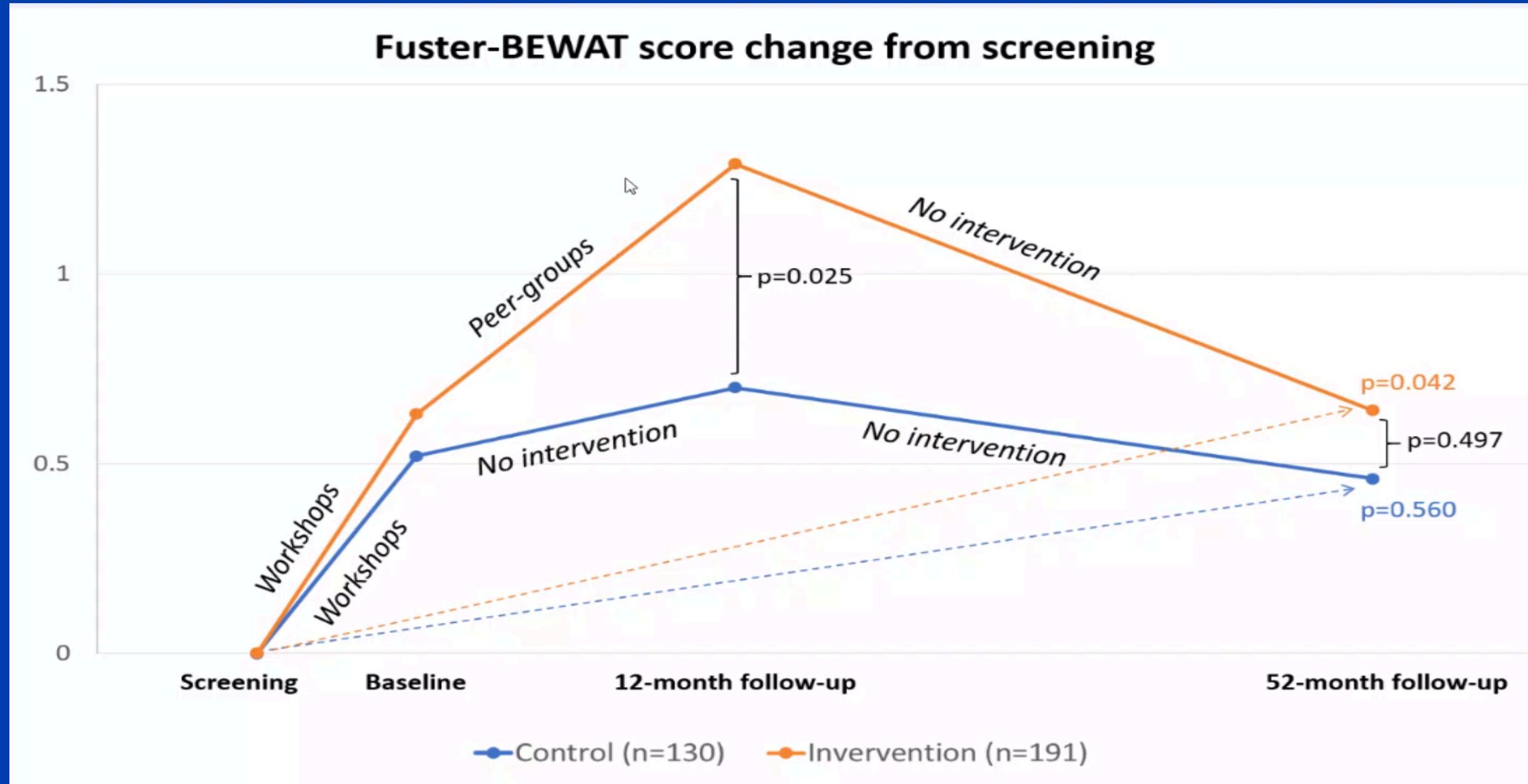
The Amer J of Med 2012; 126, 27 - The Amer J of Med 2013; 126:1122

J. Amer. Coll. Card. 2015; 66: 1525 - J. Amer. Coll. Card. 2018; 72:3310

Am. Heart J. 2019; 210: 9 - Am. Heart J. 2019; 215:27 - Nutrients 2019; 11:2297 -

J. Am. Coll. Card. 2019; ; 73:211 J. Am. Coll. Card. 2020; 75: 42 - J. Am. Coll. Card. 2022

Sustainability & Environment



Fernández-Jiménez R, V. Fuster et al. 2022 (Subm) Children

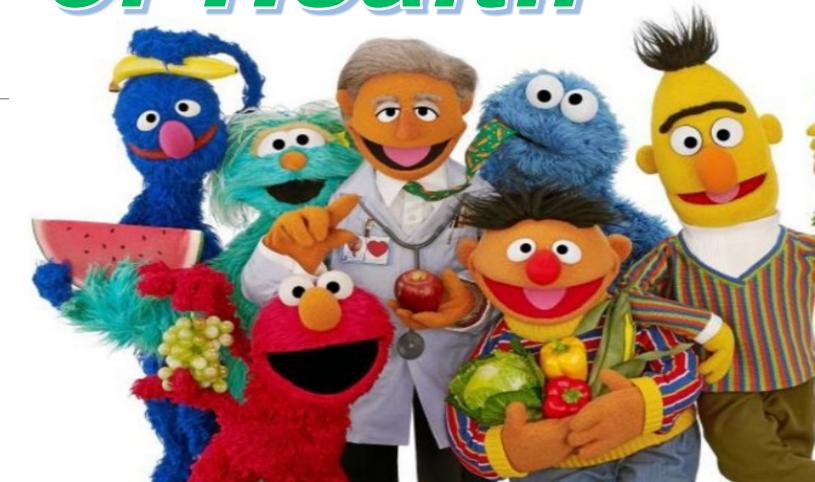
Fernández-Jiménez R, Alvira JM, Fuster V, et al. 2022 (Subm) Group Therapy²¹

García-Lunar I, Fuster V, et al. Eur. J. Card. 2022; July 23 - Individual

2) Sustainability - SHE Program - N=50,000



3). Environment: Family University of Health

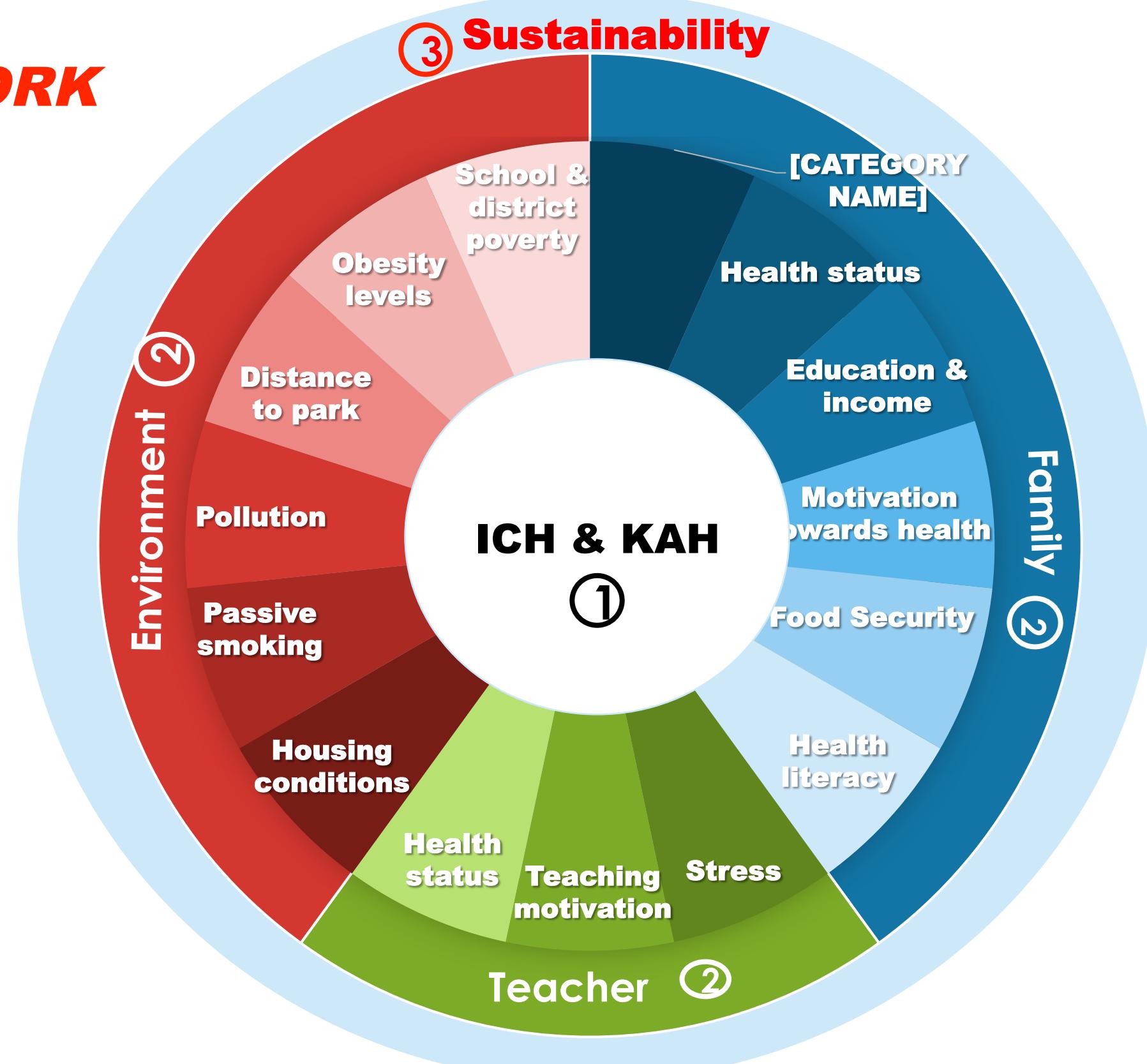


4 Objectives / 24 Actions

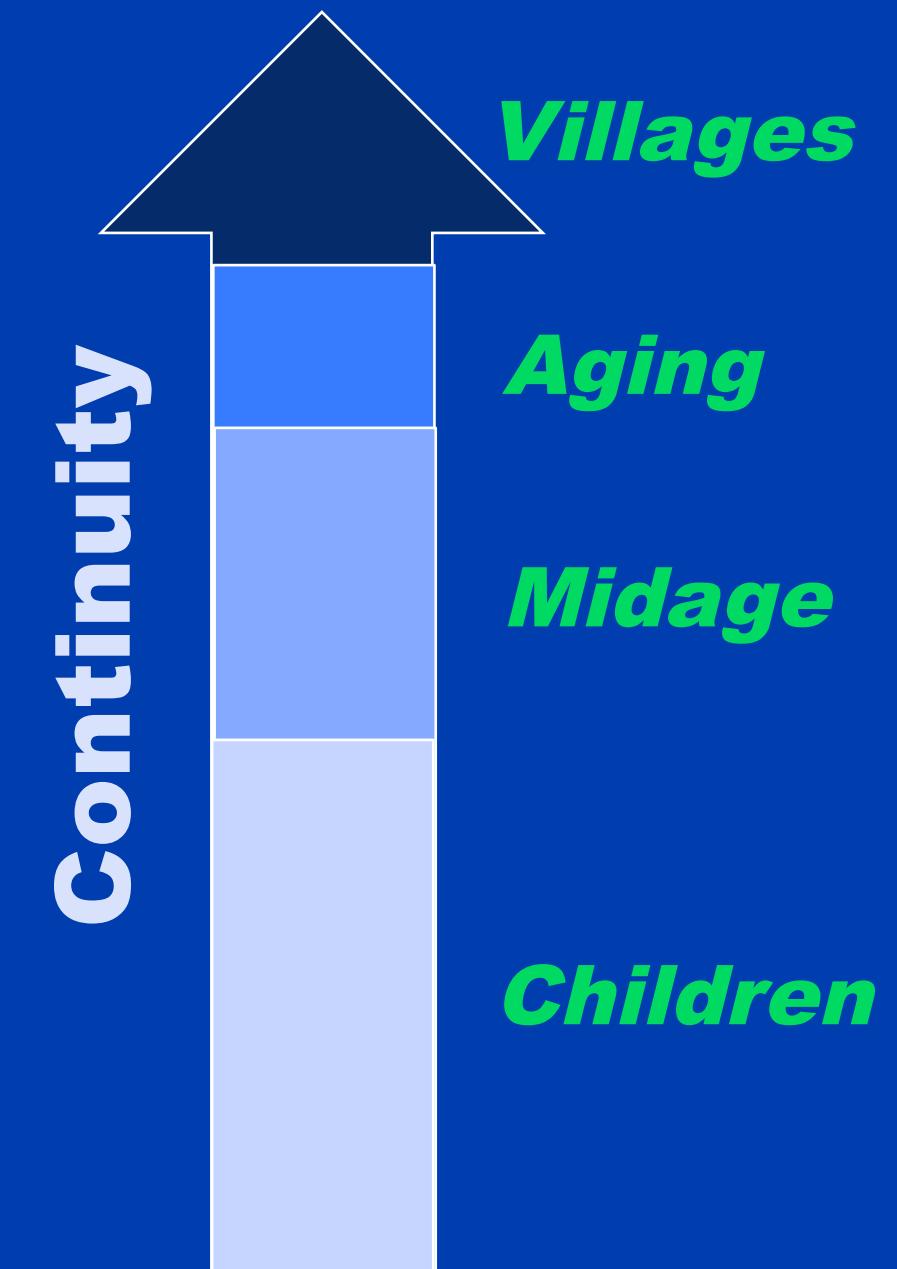
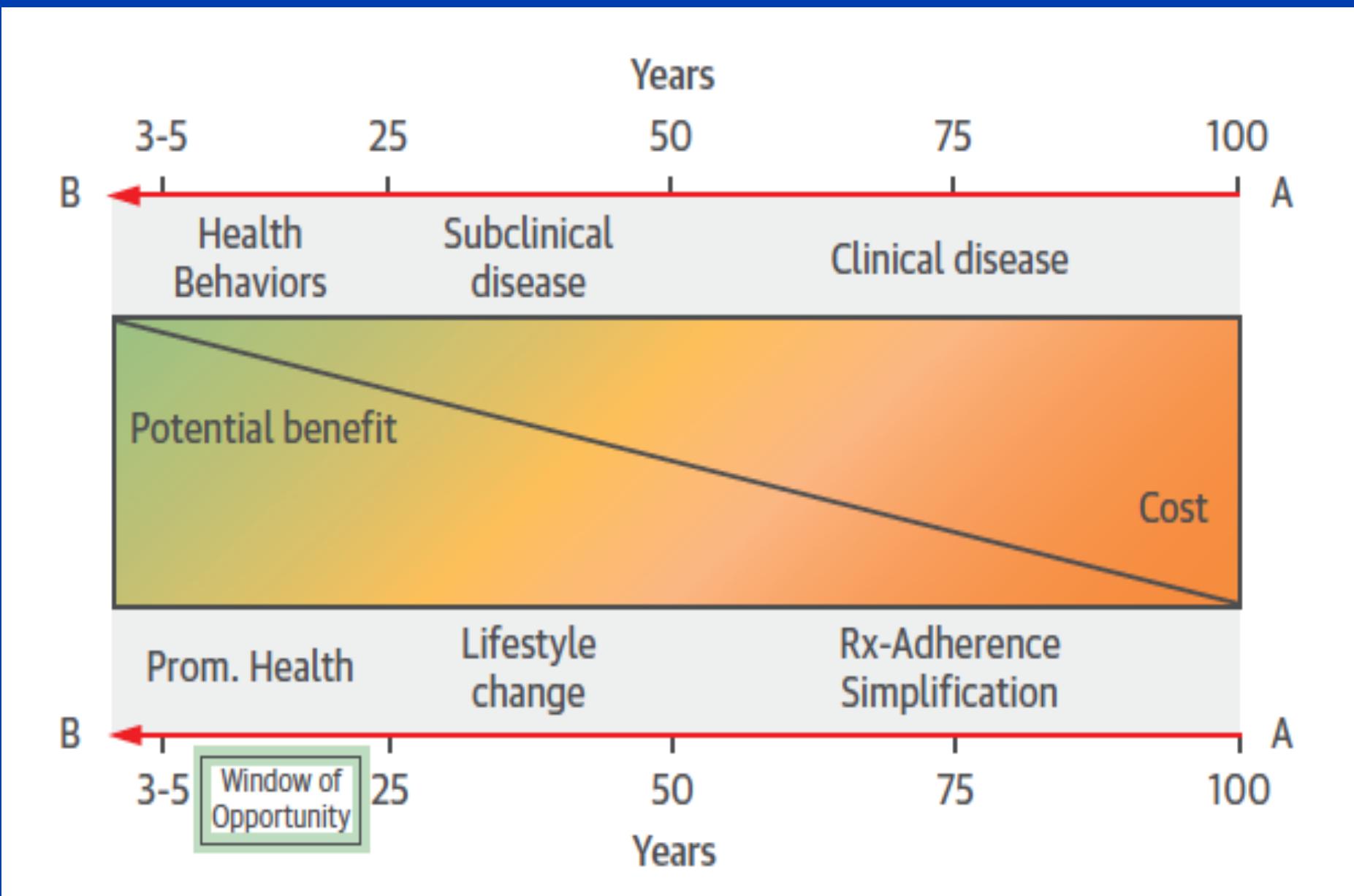
- 1. Knowledge of How Body and Heart Work**
- 2. Promote Physical Activity**
- 3. Acquisition of Healthy Food Habits**
- 4. Encourage better management of emotions**



3) NEW YORK MADRID



Scientific & Economic Bases of Health



60 -100

20-40

3-20 -Yrs

Cardiovascular Health 2023 - 2030

***Throughout Lifespan - 3 Ages
9 Findings - 3 Trials***